

REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS FOR OFFICE SPACE FOR CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK HEADQUARTERS AND SECONDARY OFFICE

Proposals Due: November 1, 2019, 5:00 PM EST

I. PURPOSE

The Connecticut Green Bank (“Green Bank”) is seeking proposals from qualified commercial real estate brokers (“Broker”) to represent the Green Bank in our search for office space that will serve as the new headquarters for the Green Bank that is (1) in the Hartford Capital Region (Hartford (preference), West Hartford, and no further south than Middletown downtown district), and (2) that represents the “green” mission and values of the organization. We are also looking for proposals for a relocation of our Stamford office in a building that is (1) in or close to Stamford (all locations must be within 10 minutes walking distance from a train station), and (2) that represents the “green” mission and values of the organization. We expect the selected Broker to be able to compare without bias presented spaces with the Green Bank’s existing locations, and with previously identified space (to be disclosed to the selected Broker).

II. GREEN BANK BACKGROUND

The Green Bank was established by Connecticut’s General Assembly on July 1, 2011 as a quasi-public agency that superseded the former Connecticut Clean Energy Fund. The Green Bank’s vision is to lead the green bank movement by accelerating private investment in clean energy deployment for Connecticut in order to achieve economic prosperity, create jobs, promote energy security, and address climate change. The Green Bank’s mission is to support the State’s energy strategy to achieve cleaner, cheaper and more reliable sources of energy while creating jobs and supporting local economic development. As the nation’s first “green bank”, the Green Bank leverages public and private funds to drive investment and accelerate clean energy deployment in Connecticut. For more information about the Green Bank, please visit www.ctgreenbank.com.

III. OVERVIEW

The Green Bank has office space in two locations – Rocky Hill and Stamford. The office in Rocky Hill, its primary office, has housed between 37 and 46 of its staff and has provided a central location for its operation, especially to the capitol, the Legislative Office Building and surrounding state agencies. The office in Stamford, its

secondary office, has housed up to 14 of its staff and has allowed the Green Bank to attract financing talent from the region and provided greater access by the Green Bank to financial institutions that operate in Fairfield County and New York City.

Since inception, the Green Bank's Rocky Hill office has been located at the I-91 Technology Park in Rocky Hill, Connecticut. The Green Bank has had space in two of the buildings (845 Brook Street and 865 Brook Street) at different points of time for up to 12,500 square feet. The Green Bank currently occupies 8,500 square feet in one building supporting 37 staff members, including a nonprofit partner with 6 additional staff members.

The Stamford office is located off the I-95 on the 4th floor of 300 Main Street with easy access to the Metro North station. The Green Bank currently occupies 4,000 square feet supporting 11 staff members, including a nonprofit partner with 3 additional staff members.

The Green Bank is looking for opportunities that would allow the organization to relocate its offices to buildings that are both market competitive for the proposed office and provide a more modern and open layout, are part of a vibrant community, are connected to transportation arteries, and that are aligned with and showcase the organization's "green" mission of mobilizing investment in and helping deploy clean energy throughout the state.

The Green Bank's current lease in Rocky Hill is set to expire in December 2020, and, ideally, the new leases would start prior to that date to allow for a seamless transition to the new office space. For the Green Bank to move prior to the end of its current leases, it would need to be presented with financial terms that would not require the Green Bank to pay for separate spaces simultaneously, while providing a cost-effective and competitive rate into the future.

IV. DESIRED QUALITIES FOR OFFICE SPACE

The Green Bank has noted which criteria listed below to be requirements for the space and which are just purely desirable.

An important part of a winning proposal will be an explanation as to how the proposed building/space has favorable economic terms and is concurrent with and illustrates the Green Bank's mission. The Green Bank expects that an important aspect of the winning RFP will be a cost-effective proposal that meets the Green Bank's requirements. This includes the initial costs, rent, as well as ongoing maintenance.

a. Size

Requirement: For its primary location, the Green Bank seeks approximately 8,500 square feet of office space, which is roughly equivalent to its current space. If there is more space available, the Green Bank would potentially be interested in

securing rights of first refusal on that space. For the secondary office, the Green Bank seeks approximately 4,000 square feet of office space, again roughly equivalent to its current space.

b. Location

- **Geography**

Required: For the Green Bank's primary location, it seeks to be in a vibrant community that is centrally located in Connecticut along I-91. The Green Bank will review commuting times and distances for staff and will weigh changes in these in their evaluation process. Preferably, the location would be within close proximity to mass transit options (e.g., CT Rail, CT Transit) as well as provide clean transportation access (e.g., EV recharging). For the secondary location, the same criteria apply, but a location along the I-95 corridor and walking distance from the train station is required, and Stamford will be prioritized.

- **Proximity**

Required: The Green Bank needs to be near highways such as I-91 and near infrastructure that would allow staff to commute by public transportation.

Desirable: The Green Bank seeks to be near restaurants, gyms, and other businesses that are part of the local community surrounding the location. Having restaurants, coffeeshops, gyms in the same building would be ideal, but not essential.

c. Layout/Build-out

Primary Location

Required: The Green Bank would like an open, modern floorplan that has at least:

- 14 offices,
- Space for 30 to work in cubicles or open plan desks,
- Kitchenette/break area
- 4 meeting rooms, one of which is large enough to hold a board table to seat 20 plus others around the room. Meeting rooms could be communal (through a room reserve process) and shared with other tenants.
- Ideally costs for the buildout should be included in the lease and constructions will be overseen and managed by the landlord with layout and finished agreed between landlord and Green Bank.
- Optional consideration of a design for an entire open floor plan with cubicles for all staff would be of interest. Such a layout would also require more flexible space for staff to use for personal focused work.

Desirable:

- Outdoor space (could be shared space)

- Larger event space (either exclusive or shared space in the same building) where the Green Bank could host larger events rather than have to rent space from hotels or convention centers.

Secondary location

Required:

- 6 offices,
- Space for 10 to work in cubicles or open plan desks,
- Kitchenette/break area
- 1 meeting room to seat up to 15 people (or access to a communal meeting room)
- Optional consideration of a design for an semi-open floor plan with cubicles for the majority of staff would be considered. Such a layout would also require more flexible space for staff to use for personal focused work.

d. Parking

Primary location required: The Green Bank needs parking or access to parking for up to 30 employees and 8 guests (the ultimate number of employee spaces to be determined by the selected location and expected commutation patterns – guest spaces could be shared).

Secondary location, required: The Green Bank needs parking or access to parking for 8 employees and 4 guests (guest spaces could be shared).

Desirable: Electric Vehicle Charging Stations for at least 4 cars (primary location, 2 for the secondary location) to support the charging of Green Bank Staff is desired. A level 3 charger would be ideal.

e. Term and build out

Both locations

Required: The Green Bank seeks a 10-year term of its lease commencing on or before December 1, 2020. Lease should include the cost of any build out of the space. Proposals should have an estimate of maintenance, electricity, heating, property taxes and any other costs if they aren't included in the lease rate. Any annual escalations and what the escalations apply to must be clearly identified.

Desired: A 10-year lease commencing after September 1, 2020 with either free rent through December 1, 2020 or the payment of the Green Bank's current lease obligations in Rocky Hill.

f. Concurrence with the Green Bank's Mission

Both locations

Desired: The Green Bank seeks to be in a building that shares the organization's values and can be used to demonstrate its "green" mission. While the organization is open to suggestions on this, it would like to see a building that meets no less than two of the following:

- LEED or equivalent Certification
- On-site clean energy generation (Solar, wind, small hydro, fuel cell, etc.)

- Use of the Green Bank administered C-PACE or Commercial Solar Lease program to finance clean energy deployment
- Electric vehicle car charging
- Integration with a local community and colocation with other organizations working to create inclusive prosperity

V. SUBMISSION CRITERIA & OTHER REQUIREMENTS

Respondent will be assessed based on the inclusion of the following items in their response. Evidence or description of ability to provide these items should be clearly addressed within the response to this RFP.

- Evidence of qualification to represent the Green Bank on our search for the aforementioned properties
- Examples of where the broker has successfully worked with public sector clients on identifying and securing office space
- Examples of where the broker has identified and secured Green office space that meets the aforementioned requirements
- Proposals on broker compensation that provide for the event that the Green Bank selects the previously identified space mentioned as follows:

PLEASE NOTE: Prior to this RFP, the Green Bank has investigated possible office space and has identified a potential space in Hartford as a possible location for our primary office relocation. Broker is requested to bring other buildings to our attention as indicated above, but if the Green Bank decides to go with the previously identified building, we would like the Broker chosen through this RFP to represent us. As part of the submission, we are requiring respondents to propose a compensation plan for this representation (We recognize that brokers fees will be paid by the landlord. For the case of the previously identified property, the landlord will not pay a broker's fee therefore the Green Bank is requesting alternatives for broker compensation so that the broker's advice remains impartial). The Green Bank will disclose the previously identified space to the selected broker.

The selected winner of the RFP must sign the attached state mandated contracting language included in the appendix.

VI. RFP MILESTONES AND TIMING

Submission Process

Each respondent shall carefully examine this RFP and any and all amendments, exhibits, revisions, and other data and materials provided with respect to this RFP process. Respondents should familiarize themselves with all proposal requirements prior to submitting their proposal. Should the respondent require clarifications or wish to request interpretations of any kind, the respondent shall submit a written request electronically to eric.shrago@ctgreenbank.com by 5 PM November 1, 2019. The

Green Bank shall respond to such written requests in kind and may, if it so determines, disseminate such written responses to other prospective respondents.

The following requirements must be observed for all proposals:

- a. Proposals must be received no later than **5:00pm Eastern Time on November 1, 2019**. Proposals received after the aforementioned date and time will not be considered.
- b. Proposals must be submitted electronically at the following email address: eric.shrago@ctgreenbank.com. The subject line should be identified as: "Headquarters RFP Response".
- c. The Green Bank reserves the right to request an interview, supplemental information, and/or clarification from respondents as deemed necessary.
- d. Key Dates:

Project Milestone	Estimated Date
RFP Released	October 16, 2019
Clarification Questions Due	October 22, 2019
RFP Responses Due	November 1, 2019

VII. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

If Broker elects to respond to this RFP, submission of your proposal assumes the acceptance of the following understandings:

1. The Green Bank reserves the right to reject any or all of the proposals received in response to the RFP, to waive irregularities or to cancel or modify the RFP in any way, and at any time the Green Bank chooses, in its sole discretion, if the Green Bank determines that it is in the interest of the Green Bank.
2. The Green Bank further reserves the right to make awards under this RFP without discussion of the proposals received. Proposals should be submitted on the most favorable terms from a technical, qualifications, and price standpoint. The Green Bank reserves the right not to accept the lowest priced proposal.
3. Proposals must be signed by an authorized officer of the Broker. Proposals must also provide name, title, address and telephone number for individuals with authority to negotiate and contractually bind for a specific property, and for those who may be contacted for the purpose of clarifying or supporting the information provided in the proposal.

4. The Green Bank will not be responsible for any expenses incurred by any respondent in conjunction with the preparation or presentation of any proposal with respect to this RFP.

5. The Green Bank's selection of a Broker through this RFP is not an offer and the Green Bank reserves the right to negotiate with the Landlord of the buildings noted above in Section V until the parties reach a mutual agreement.

THE GREEN BANK IS SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED IN SECTIONS 16-245N OF THE CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES. THE GREEN BANK SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY OR OBLIGATION OF ANY SORT HEREUNDER, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, IF FOR ANY REASON OR NO REASON A BINDING AGREEMENT IS NOT ENTERED INTO WITH ANY PROPOSER. IN MAKING ITS SELECTION OF A SUCCESSFUL BIDDER, THE GREEN BANK MAY CONSIDER ANY AND ALL FACTORS AND CONSIDERATIONS WHICH GREEN BANK, IN ITS SOLE DISCRETION, DEEMS RELEVANT, THE RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF WHICH SHALL BE IN THE SOLE DISCRETION OF THE GREEN BANK.

VIII. APPENDIX: STATE CONTRACTING LANGUAGE

STATE CONTRACTING CERTIFICATIONS, AFFIDAVITS AND AFFIRMATIONS FOR QUASI-PUBLIC AGENCIES

COVER SHEET

The following certifications, affidavits and affirmations are provided in connection with an agreement or contract (the "Contract") by and between _____ (the "Contractor") and _____ (the "Quasi-public Agency") dated as of _____, 20___. The duly authorized and acting officer of Contractor signing the attached documents is _____, the _____ [insert title] of Contractor.

The Contract Execution Date is _____, 20__.

The certifications, affidavits and affirmations are applicable as follows:

- I. **CERTIFICATION OR AFFIDAVIT REGARDING NONDISCRIMINATION AND AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROVISIONS - Applicable to all contracts. (Conn Gen. Stat. §§ 4a-60 and 4a-60a)**
- II. **CERTIFICATION REGARDING OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT COMPLIANCE - Applicable to all contracts. (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-57b)**
- III. **GIFT AFFIDAVIT AND CERTIFICATION - Applicable to certain contracts or series or combination of contracts with a total value of more than \$500,000 in a calendar or fiscal year. (Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4-250 and 4-252)**
- IV. **CERTIFICATION REGARDING CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS - Applicable to certain contracts valued at \$50,000 or more, or a combination or series of such contracts valued at \$100,000 or more in a calendar year. (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 9-612)**
- V. **AFFIDAVIT REGARDING CONSULTING AGREEMENTS - Applicable to certain contracts valued at \$50,000 or more in any calendar or fiscal year. (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4a-81)**
- VI. **AFFIRMATION OF RECEIPT OF STATE ETHICS LAW SUMMARY - Applicable to certain contracts valued at more than \$500,000. (Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 1-101mm and 1-101qq)**
- VII. **AFFIRMATION OF WHISTLEBLOWING STATUTE - Applicable to contracts valued at \$5,000,000 or more. (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4-61dd)**
- VIII. **AFFIRMATION OF APPLICABLE EXECUTIVE ORDERS - Applicable to all contracts.**
- IX. **CERTIFICATION REGARDING INVESTMENTS IN IRAN - Applicable to certain contracts or series or combination of contracts with a total value of more than \$500,000 in a calendar or fiscal year. (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4-252a)**

The Connecticut General Statutes referenced above are attached as Attachment A. These materials are provided solely as a convenience. It is the obligation of the Contractor to review the statutes and executive orders and determine the applicability of the same to the Contract, as well as to determine whether statutes not cited above may be applicable to a particular Contract.

I. CERTIFICATION OR AFFIDAVIT REGARDING NONDISCRIMINATION AND AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROVISIONS (Conn Gen. Stat. §§ 4a-60 and 4a-60a)

CHECK ONE: Initial Certification Change of Certification 12-Month Anniversary Update
(Multi-year contracts only)

For contracts valued at less than \$50,000 for each year of the contract:

I hereby represent that I am authorized to execute and deliver this representation on behalf of Contractor and that Contractor has a policy in effect that complies with the nondiscrimination agreements and warranties of Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4a-60(a)(1) and 4a-60a(a)(1), as amended.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

For contracts valued at \$50,000 or more for any year of the contract:

CHECK ONE

I hereby certify the following is a true and correct copy of the resolution adopted on _____, 20__ by Contractor's governing body in accordance with all of its documents of governance and management and the laws of the _____, and further certify that such resolution has not been modified, rescinded or revoked, and is, at present, in full force and effect:

RESOLVED: That _____, hereby adopts as its policy the nondiscrimination agreements and warranties required under Connecticut General Statutes §§ 4a-60(a)(1) and 4a-60a(a)(1), as amended.

In witness whereof, the undersigned has executed this certificate the day and date indicated below.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

OR

I hereby certify that a prior resolution adopted by Contractor's governing body and provided to the Quasi-public Agency, and that complies with the nondiscrimination agreements and warranties of Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4a-60(a)(1) and 4a-60a(a)(1), as amended, remains in full force and effect on the date this documentation is submitted to the Quasi-public Agency.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

(This next section is for execution by the Quasi-public Agency where Contractor supplies a prior resolution regarding nondiscrimination)

I, the undersigned head of Quasi-public Agency, or designee, certify that the attached prior resolution of Contractor complies with the nondiscrimination agreements and warranties of Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4a-60(a)(1) and 4a-60a(a)(1), as amended.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

OR

I am over the age of eighteen (18) and understand and appreciate the meaning of an oath. I hereby certify under penalty of false statement that I am duly authorized to adopt company or corporate policy for Contractor and that Contractor has a policy in effect that complies with the nondiscrimination agreements and warranties of Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4a-60(a)(1) and 4a-60a(a)(1), as amended.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this ____ day of _____, 20__.

Commissioner of the Superior Court
(or Notary Public)

II. CERTIFICATION REGARDING OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT COMPLIANCE (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-57b)

I hereby certify that Contractor (1) has not been cited for three or more willful or serious violations of any occupational safety and health act or of any standard, order or regulation promulgated pursuant to such act, during the three-year period preceding the date of the bid/RFP/solicitation, provided such violations were cited in accordance with the provisions of any state occupational safety and health act or the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, and not abated within the time fixed by the citation and such citation has not been set aside following appeal to the appropriate agency or court having jurisdiction or (2) has not received one or more criminal convictions related to the injury or death of any employee in the three-year period preceding the date of the bid/RFP/solicitation.

Signed: _____

Date: _____

III. GIFT AFFIDAVIT AND CERTIFICATION (Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4-250 and 4-252)

For certain contracts or series or combination of contracts with a total value of more than \$500,000 in a calendar or fiscal year

CHECK ONE: Initial Certification Change of Certification 12-Month Anniversary Update
(Multi-year contracts only)

As used in this affidavit and certification, the following terms have the meaning set forth below:

1. “Contract” means that contract between Quasi-public Agency and Contractor described in the Cover Sheet.
2. If this is an Initial Certification, “Execution Date” means the date described in the Cover Sheet. If this is an Annual Update, “Execution Date” means the date this certification is signed by Contractor.
3. “Contractor” means the entity named as Contractor below.
4. “Applicable Public Official or State Employee” means any public official or state employee described in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4-252(c)(1)(i) or (ii).
5. “Gift” has the same meaning given that term in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4-250(1).
6. “Principals or Key Personnel” means and refers to those principals and key personnel of Contractor, and its or their agents, as described in Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4-250(5) and 4-252(c)(1)(B) and (C).

I, the undersigned, am the official authorized to execute the Contract on behalf of Contractor. I hereby certify:

(1) That no gifts were made by (A) such person, firm, corporation, (B) any principals and key personnel of the person, firm or corporation, who participate substantially in preparing bids, proposals or negotiating state contracts, or (C) any agent of such person, firm, corporation or principals and key personnel, who participates substantially in preparing bids, proposals or negotiating state contracts, to (i) any public official or state employee of the state agency or quasi-public agency soliciting bids or proposals for state contracts, who participates substantially in the preparation of bid solicitations or requests for proposals for state contracts or the negotiation or award of state contracts, or (ii) any public official or state employee of any other state agency, who has supervisory or appointing authority over such state agency or quasi-public agency;

(2) That no such principals and key personnel of the person, firm or corporation, or agent of such person, firm or corporation or principals and key personnel, knows of any action by the person, firm or corporation to circumvent such prohibition on gifts by providing for any other principals and key personnel, official, employee or agent of the person, firm or corporation to provide a gift to any such public official or state employee; and

(3) That the person, firm or corporation is submitting bids or proposals without fraud or collusion with any person.

Sworn as true and to the best of my knowledge and belief, subject to the penalties of false statement.

Name of Contractor: _____

Signed: _____ Date: _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this ____ day of _____, 20__.

Commissioner of the Superior Court
(or Notary Public)

(This next section is for execution by the Quasi-public Agency for all contracts having a value of \$500,000 or more in a calendar or fiscal year)

CERTIFICATION:

I, the undersigned head of Quasi-public Agency, or designee, certify that (1) I am authorized to execute the attached contract on behalf of Quasi-public Agency; and (2) the selection of the Contractor named below was not the result of collusion, the giving of a gift or the promise of a gift, compensation, fraud or inappropriate influence from any person.

Name of Contractor: _____

Signed: _____ Date: _____

IV. CERTIFICATION REGARDING CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 9-612)

For certain contracts valued at \$50,000 or more, or a combination or series of contracts valued at \$100,000 or more in a calendar year

I certify that neither Contractor nor any of its principals, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 9-612(f)(1), with regard to the Contract or the Contract solicitation, has made any campaign contributions to, or, on or after January 1, 2011, knowingly solicited any contributions on behalf of, (i) an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer, (ii) a political committee authorized to make contributions or expenditures to or for the benefit of such candidates, or (iii) a party committee, in violation of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 9-612(f)(2)(A).

I further certify that neither Contractor nor any of its principals, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 9-612(f)(1), with regard to a state contract or a state contract solicitation with or from the General Assembly, has made any campaign contributions to, or, on or after January 1, 2011, knowingly solicited any contributions on behalf of, (i) an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of state senator or state representative, (ii) a political committee authorized to make contributions or expenditures to or for the benefit of such candidates, or (iii) a party committee, in violation of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 9-612(f)(2)(B).

I further certify that all lawful campaign contributions that have been made on or after December 31, 2006 by Contractor or any of its principals, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 9-612(f)(1), to, or solicited on behalf of, any exploratory committee, candidate committee, political committee, or party committee established by, or supporting or authorized to support any candidates for statewide public office or the General Assembly, are listed below:

Lawful Campaign Contributions to Candidates for Statewide Public Office:

<u>Contribution Date</u>	<u>Name of Contributor</u>	<u>Recipient</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Description</u>

Lawful Campaign Contributions to Candidates for the General Assembly:

<u>Contribution Date</u>	<u>Name of Contributor</u>	<u>Recipient</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Description</u>

I further acknowledge receipt of SEEC Form 10, Notice to Executive Branch State Contractors and Prospective State Contractors of Campaign Contributions and Solicitation Limitations attached as Exhibit 1 hereto.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

EXHIBIT 1

(to Certification regarding campaign contributions)

SEEC FORM 11

NOTICE TO EXECUTIVE BRANCH STATE CONTRACTORS AND PROSPECTIVE STATE CONTRACTORS OF CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION AND SOLICITATION BAN

This notice is provided under the authority of Connecticut General Statutes 9-612(f)(2) and is for the purpose of informing state contractors and prospective state contractors of the following law (italicized words are defined below):

Campaign Contribution and Solicitation Ban

No state contractor, prospective state contractor, principal of a state contractor or principal of a prospective state contractor, with regard to a *state contract* or *state contract solicitation* with or from a state agency in the executive branch or a quasi-public agency or a holder, or principal of a holder of a valid prequalification certificate, shall make a contribution to, or *solicit* contributions on behalf of (i) an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer, (ii) a political committee authorized to make contributions or expenditures to or for the benefit of such candidates, or (iii) a party committee;

In addition, no holder or principal of a holder of a valid prequalification certificate, shall make a contribution to, or solicit contributions on behalf of (i) an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of State senator or State representative, (ii) a political committee authorized to make contributions or expenditures to or for the benefit of such candidates, or (iii) a party committee.

On and after January 1, 2011, no state contractor, prospective state contractor, principal of a state contractor or principal of a prospective state contractor, with regard to a state contract or state contract solicitation with or from a state agency in the executive branch or a quasi-public agency or a holder, or principal of a holder of a valid prequalification certificate, shall knowingly solicit contributions from the state contractor's or prospective state contractor's employees or from a subcontractor or principals of the subcontractor on behalf of (i) an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer, (ii) a political committee authorized to make contributions or expenditures to or for the benefit of such candidates, or (iii) a party committee.

Duty to Inform

State contractors and prospective state contractors are required to inform their principals of the above prohibitions, as applicable, and the possible penalties and other consequences of any violation thereof.

Penalties for Violations

Contributions or solicitations of contributions made in violation of the above prohibitions may result in the following civil and criminal penalties:

Civil penalties--\$2000 or twice the amount of the prohibited contribution, whichever is greater, against a principal or a contractor. Any state contractor or prospective state contractor which fails to make reasonable efforts to comply with the provisions requiring notice to its principals of these prohibitions and the possible consequences of their

violations may also be subject to civil penalties of \$2000 or twice the amount of the prohibited contributions made by their principals.

Criminal penalties—Any knowing and willful violation of the prohibition is a Class D felony, which may subject the violator to imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or \$5000 in fines, or both.

Contract Consequences

Contributions made or solicited in violation of the above prohibitions may result, in the case of a state contractor, in the contract being voided.

Contributions made or solicited in violation of the above prohibitions, in the case of a prospective state contractor, shall result in the contract described in the state contract solicitation not being awarded to the prospective state contractor, unless the State Elections Enforcement Commission determines that mitigating circumstances exist concerning such violation.

The State will not award any other state contract to anyone found in violation of the above prohibitions for a period of one year after the election for which such contribution is made or solicited, unless the State Elections Enforcement Commission determines that mitigating circumstances exist concerning such violation.

Additional information may be found on the website of the State Elections Enforcement Commission, www.ct.gov/seec. Click on the link to “Lobbyist/Contractor Limitations.”

Definitions:

“State contractor” means a person, business entity or nonprofit organization that enters into a state contract. Such person, business entity or nonprofit organization shall be deemed to be a state contractor until December thirty-first of the year in which such contract terminates. “State contractor” does not include a municipality or any other political subdivision of the state, including any entities or associations duly created by the municipality or political subdivision exclusively amongst themselves to further any purpose authorized by statute or charter, or an employee in the executive or legislative branch of state government or a quasi-public agency, whether in the classified or unclassified service and full or part-time, and only in such person's capacity as a state or quasi-public agency employee.

“Prospective state contractor” means a person, business entity or nonprofit organization that (i) submits a response to a state contract solicitation by the state, a state agency or a quasi-public agency, or a proposal in response to a request for proposals by the state, a state agency or a quasi-public agency, until the contract has been entered into, or (ii) holds a valid prequalification certificate issued by the Commissioner of Administrative Services under section 4a-100. “Prospective state contractor” does not include a municipality or any other political subdivision of the state, including any entities or associations duly created by the municipality or political subdivision exclusively amongst themselves to further any purpose authorized by statute or charter, or an employee in the executive or legislative branch of state government or a quasi-public agency, whether in the classified or unclassified service and full or part-time, and only in such person's capacity as a state or quasi-public agency employee.

“Principal of a state contractor or prospective state contractor” means (i) any individual who is a member of the board of directors of, or has an ownership interest of five per cent or more in, a state contractor or prospective state contractor, which is a business entity, except for an individual who is a member of the board of directors of a nonprofit organization, (ii) an individual who is employed by a state contractor or prospective state contractor, which is a business entity, as president, treasurer or executive vice president, (iii) an individual who is the chief executive officer of a state contractor or prospective state contractor, which is not a business entity, or if a state contractor or prospective state contractor has no such officer, then the officer who duly possesses comparable powers and duties, (iv) an officer or an employee of any state contractor or prospective state contractor who has

managerial or discretionary responsibilities with respect to a state contract, (v) the spouse or a dependent child who is eighteen years of age or older of an individual described in this subparagraph, or (vi) a political committee established or controlled by an individual described in this subparagraph or the business entity or nonprofit organization that is the state contractor or prospective state contractor.

“State contract” means an agreement or contract with the state or any state agency or any quasi-public agency, let through a procurement process or otherwise, having a value of fifty thousand dollars or more, or a combination or series of such agreements or contracts having a value of one hundred thousand dollars or more in a calendar year, for (i) the rendition of services, (ii) the furnishing of any goods, material, supplies, equipment or any items of any kind, (iii) the construction, alteration or repair of any public building or public work, (iv) the acquisition, sale or lease of any land or building, (v) a licensing arrangement, or (vi) a grant, loan or loan guarantee. “State contract” does not include any agreement or contract with the state, any state agency or any quasi-public agency that is exclusively federally funded, an education loan, a loan to an individual for other than commercial purposes or any agreement or contract between the state or any state agency and the United States Department of the Navy or the United States Department of Defense.

“State contract solicitation” means a request by a state agency or quasi-public agency, in whatever form issued, including, but not limited to, an invitation to bid, request for proposals, request for information or request for quotes, inviting bids, quotes or other types of submittals, through a competitive procurement process or another process authorized by law waiving competitive procurement.

“Managerial or discretionary responsibilities with respect to a state contract” means having direct, extensive and substantive responsibilities with respect to the negotiation of the state contract and not peripheral, clerical or ministerial responsibilities.

“Dependent child” means a child residing in an individual's household who may legally be claimed as a dependent on the federal income tax return of such individual.

“Solicit” means (A) requesting that a contribution be made, (B) participating in any fundraising activities for a candidate committee, exploratory committee, political committee or party committee, including, but not limited to, forwarding tickets to potential contributors, receiving contributions for transmission to any such committee, serving on the committee that is hosting a fundraising event, introducing the candidate or making other public remarks at a fundraising event, being honored or otherwise recognized at a fundraising event, or bundling contributions, (C) serving as chairperson, treasurer or deputy treasurer of any such committee, or (D) establishing a political committee for the sole purpose of soliciting or receiving contributions for any committee. “Solicit” does not include (i) making a contribution that is otherwise permitted under this chapter, (ii) informing any person of a position taken by a candidate for public office or a public official, (iii) notifying the person of any activities of, or contact information for, any candidate for public office, (iv) serving as a member in any party committee or as an officer of such committee that is not otherwise prohibited in this subdivision, or (v) mere attendance at a fundraiser.

“Subcontractor” means any person, business entity or nonprofit organization that contracts to perform part or all of the obligations of a state contractor's state contract. Such person, business entity or nonprofit organization shall be deemed to be a subcontractor until December thirty-first of the year in which the subcontract terminates.

“Subcontractor” does not include (i) a municipality or any other political subdivision of the state, including any entities or associations duly created by the municipality or political subdivision exclusively amongst themselves to further any purpose authorized by statute or charter, or (ii) an employee in the executive or legislative branch of state government or a quasi-public agency, whether in the classified or unclassified service and full or part-time, and only in such person's capacity as a state or quasi-public agency employee.

“Principal of a subcontractor” means (i) any individual who is a member of the board of directors of, or has an ownership interest of five per cent or more in, a subcontractor, which is a business entity, except for an individual

who is a member of the board of directors of a nonprofit organization, (ii) an individual who is employed by a subcontractor, which is a business entity, as president, treasurer or executive vice president, (iii) an individual who is the chief executive officer of a subcontractor, which is not a business entity, or if a subcontractor has no such officer, then the officer who duly possesses comparable powers and duties, (iv) an officer or an employee of any subcontractor who has managerial or discretionary responsibilities with respect to a subcontract with a state contractor, (v) the spouse or a dependent child who is eighteen years of age or older of an individual described in this subparagraph, or (vi) a political committee established or controlled by an individual described in this subparagraph or the business entity or nonprofit organization that is the subcontractor.

V. **AFFIDAVIT REGARDING CONSULTING AGREEMENTS** (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4a-81)

For contracts valued at \$50,000 or more in any calendar or fiscal year

Contractor hereby swears and attests as true to the best knowledge and belief of the person signing below that no consulting agreement, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4a-81, has been entered into in connection with the Contract.

Contractor agrees to amend this affidavit if and when any consulting agreement is entered into during the term of the Contract, as set forth in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4a-81(b)(4).

Sworn as true to the best of my knowledge and belief, subject to the penalties of false statement.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this ____ day of _____, 20__.

Commissioner of the Superior Court
(or Notary Public)

OR

I. Contractor hereby swears and attests as true to the best knowledge and belief of the person signing below that it has entered into the following consulting agreement(s), as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4a-81:

Consultant's Name and Title

Name of Firm (if applicable)

Start Date

End Date

Cost of Consulting Agreement

Description of Services Provided: _____

Is the Consultant a former State employee or former public official? YES NO

If Yes: _____
Name of Former State Agency

_____ Termination Date of Employment

II. Contractor agrees to amend this affidavit if and when any other consulting agreement is entered into during the term of the Contract, as set forth in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4a-81(b)(4).

Sworn as true to the best of my knowledge and belief, subject to the penalties of false statement.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this ____ day of _____, 20__.

Commissioner of the Superior Court
(or Notary Public)

VI. AFFIRMATION OF RECEIPT OF STATE ETHICS LAWS SUMMARY (Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 1-101mm and 1-101qq)

For certain contracts valued at more than \$500,000

CHECK ONE

- I am a person seeking a large State construction or procurement contract. I am submitting this affirmation to the awarding State agency with my bid or proposal. [Check this box if the contract will be awarded through a competitive process].
- I am a contractor who has been awarded a large State construction or procurement contract. I am submitting this affirmation to the awarding State agency at the time of contract execution. [Check this box if the contract was a sole source award].
- I am a subcontractor or consultant of a contractor who has been awarded a large State construction or procurement contract. I am submitting this affirmation to the contractor.
- I am a contractor who has already filed an affirmation but I am updating such affirmation either (i) no later than thirty days after the effective date of any such change, or (ii) upon the submittal of any new bid or proposal, whichever is earlier.

AFFIRMATION:

I, the undersigned person, contractor, subcontractor, consultant, or the duly authorized representative thereof, affirm (1) receipt of the summary of State ethics laws* developed by the Office of State Ethics pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes § 1-81b and (2) that key employees of such person, contractor, subcontractor, or consultant have read and understand the summary and agree to comply with its provisions.

I, the undersigned, person, contractor, subcontractor, consultant, or the duly authorized representative thereof, shall submit an updated affirmation if there is any change in the information contained herein, (A) not later than thirty days after the effective date of any such change, or (B) upon the submittal of any new bid or proposal, whichever is earlier.

*The summary of State ethics laws is available on the State of Connecticut's Office of State Ethics website at http://www.ct.gov/ethics/lib/ethics/guides/contractors_guide_10.pdf.

Signed: _____

Date: _____

VII. AFFIRMATION OF WHISTLEBLOWING STATUTE (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4-61dd)

For contracts valued at \$5,000,000 or more

Contractor acknowledges that if one of its officers, employees or appointing authorities takes or threatens to take any personnel action against any employee of Contractor in retaliation for such employee's disclosure of information to any employee of quasi-public agency or the Auditors of Public Accounts or the Attorney General under the provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4-61dd(a), Contractor shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each offense, up to a maximum of twenty per cent of the value of the contract. Each violation shall be a separate and distinct offense and in the case of a continuing violation each calendar day's continuance of the violation shall be deemed to be a separate and distinct offense.

Signed: _____

Date: _____

VIII. AFFIRMATION OF APPLICABLE EXECUTIVE ORDERS

To the extent applicable to this Contract, Contractor acknowledges that it will be required to comply with the provisions of the following Executive Orders: Executive Order No. 14 of Governor M. Jodi Rell, promulgated April 17, 2006, concerning procurement of cleaning products and services; Executive Order No. 16 of Governor John G. Rowland, promulgated August 4, 1999, concerning violence in the workplace; Executive Order No. 17 of Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated February 15, 1973, concerning the listing of employment openings; and Executive Order No. 3 of Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated June 16, 1971, concerning labor employment practices.

Signed: _____

Date: _____

IX. CERTIFICATION REGARDING INVESTMENTS IN IRAN (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4-252a)

For certain contracts or series or combination of contracts with a total value of more than \$500,000 in a calendar or fiscal year

CHECK ONE: Initial Certification Amendment or Renewal

As used in this affidavit and certification, the following terms have the meaning set forth below:

1. “Entity” means any corporation, general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, joint venture, nonprofit organization or other business organization whose principal place of business is located outside of the United States, but excludes any United States subsidiary of a foreign corporation.
2. “Large State Contract” means an agreement or a combination or series of agreements between a state agency or a quasi-public agency and a person, firm or corporation, having a total value of more than five hundred thousand dollars in a calendar or fiscal year, for (A) a project for the construction, alteration or repair of any public building or public work, (B) services, including, but not limited to, consulting and professional services, (C) the procurement of supplies, materials or equipment, (D) a lease, or (E) a licensing arrangement. The term “large state contract” does not include a contract between a state agency or a quasi-public agency and a political subdivision of the state.
3. “Quasi-public agency” has the same meanings as provided in Section 1-79 of the Connecticut General Statutes.
4. “Respondent” means the name of the entity which is entering into a large state contract with the Quasi- public agency.

CHECK APPLICABLE BOX:

Respondent’s principal place of business is located within the United States or Respondent is a United States subsidiary of a foreign corporation. Respondents who check this box are **not** required to complete the certification portion of this form below but must still submit this form prior to submitting a bid or proposal for a large state contract.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

Respondent’s principal place of business is located outside of the United States and it is not a United States subsidiary of a foreign corporation. Respondents who check this box are required to complete the certification portion of this form below and must submit the form prior to submitting a bid or proposal for a large state contract.

CERTIFICATION:

Respondent has not made a direct investment of twenty million dollars or more in the energy sector of Iran on or after October 1, 2013, as described in Section 202 of the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability and Divestment Act of 2010.

Respondent has either made a direct investment of twenty million dollars or more in the energy sector of Iran on or after October 1, 2013, as described in Section 202 of the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability and Divestment Act of 2010, or Respondent has made such an investment prior to October 1, 2013 and has now increased or renewed such an investment on or after October 1, 2013, or both.

Sworn as true to the best of my knowledge and belief, subject to the penalties of false statement.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this ____ day of _____, 20__.

Commissioner of the Superior Court
(or Notary Public)

ATTACHMENT A

§ 4a-60. Nondiscrimination and affirmative action provisions in awarding agency, municipal public works and quasi-public agency project contracts

(a) Except as provided in section 10a-151i, every contract to which an awarding agency is a party, every quasi-public agency project contract and every municipal public works contract shall contain the following provisions:

(1) The contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the contract such contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, status as a veteran, intellectual disability, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the state of Connecticut; and the contractor further agrees to take affirmative action to ensure that applicants with job-related qualifications are employed and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, status as a veteran, intellectual disability, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved;

(2) The contractor agrees, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, to state that it is an “affirmative action-equal opportunity employer” in accordance with regulations adopted by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities;

(3) The contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment;

(4) The contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this section and sections 46a-68e and 46a-68f and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said commission pursuant to sections 46a-56, 46a-68e, 46a-68f and 46a-86; and

(5) The contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor as relate to the provisions of this section and section 46a-56.

(b) If the contract is a public works contract, municipal public works contract or contract for a quasi-public agency project, the contractor agrees and warrants that he or she will make good faith efforts to employ minority business enterprises as subcontractors and suppliers of materials on such public works or quasi-public agency project.

(c) Except as provided in section 10a-151:

(1) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with an awarding agency or who is a party to a municipal public works contract or a contract for a quasi-public agency project, where any such contract is valued at less than fifty thousand dollars for each year of the contract, shall provide the awarding agency, or in the case of a municipal public works or quasi-public agency project contract, the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, with a written

or electronic representation that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section, provided if there is any change in such representation, the contractor shall provide the updated representation to the awarding agency or commission not later than thirty days after such change.

(2) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with an awarding agency or who is a party to a municipal public works contract or a contract for a quasi-public agency project, where any such contract is valued at fifty thousand dollars or more for any year of the contract, shall provide the awarding agency, or in the case of a municipal public works or quasi-public agency project contract, the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, with any one of the following:

(A) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section;

(B) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by a prior resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor if (i) the prior resolution is certified by a duly authorized corporate officer of such contractor to be in effect on the date the documentation is submitted, and (ii) the head of the awarding agency, or a designee, or in the case of a municipal public works or quasi-public agency project contract, the executive director of the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities or a designee, certifies that the prior resolution complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section; or

(C) Documentation in the form of an affidavit signed under penalty of false statement by a chief executive officer, president, chairperson or other corporate officer duly authorized to adopt company or corporate policy that certifies that the company or corporate policy of the contractor complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section and is in effect on the date the affidavit is signed.

(3) No awarding agency, or in the case of a municipal public works contract, no municipality, or in the case of a quasi-public agency project contract, no entity, shall award a contract to a contractor who has not provided the representation or documentation required under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, as applicable. After the initial submission of such representation or documentation, the contractor shall not be required to resubmit such representation or documentation unless there is a change in the information contained in such representation or documentation. If there is any change in the information contained in the most recently filed representation or updated documentation, the contractor shall submit an updated representation or documentation, as applicable, either (A) not later than thirty days after the effective date of such change, or (B) upon the execution of a new contract with the awarding agency, municipality or entity, as applicable, whichever is earlier. Such contractor shall also certify, in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, to the awarding agency or commission, as applicable, not later than fourteen days after the twelve-month anniversary of the most recently filed representation, documentation or updated representation or documentation, that the representation on file with the awarding agency or commission, as applicable, is current and accurate.

(d) For the purposes of this section, "contract" includes any extension or modification of the contract, "contractor" includes any successors or assigns of the contractor, "marital status" means being single, married as recognized by the state of Connecticut, widowed, separated or divorced, and "mental disability" means one or more mental disorders, as defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders", or a record of or regarding a person as having one or more such disorders. For the purposes of this section, "contract" does not include a contract where each contractor is (1) a political subdivision

of the state, including, but not limited to, a municipality, unless the contract is a municipal public works contract or quasi-public agency project contract, (2) any other state, as defined in section 1-267, (3) the federal government, (4) a foreign government, or (5) an agency of a subdivision, state or government described in subdivision (1), (2), (3) or (4) of this subsection.

(e) For the purposes of this section, “minority business enterprise” means any small contractor or supplier of materials fifty-one per cent or more of the capital stock, if any, or assets of which is owned by a person or persons: (1) Who are active in the daily affairs of the enterprise, (2) who have the power to direct the management and policies of the enterprise, and (3) who are members of a minority, as such term is defined in subsection (a) of section 32-9n; and “good faith” means that degree of diligence which a reasonable person would exercise in the performance of legal duties and obligations. “Good faith efforts” shall include, but not be limited to, those reasonable initial efforts necessary to comply with statutory or regulatory requirements and additional or substituted efforts when it is determined that such initial efforts will not be sufficient to comply with such requirements.

(f) Determination of the contractor's good faith efforts shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following factors: The contractor's employment and subcontracting policies, patterns and practices; affirmative advertising, recruitment and training; technical assistance activities and such other reasonable activities or efforts as the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities may prescribe that are designed to ensure the participation of minority business enterprises in public works projects.

(g) The contractor shall develop and maintain adequate documentation, in a manner prescribed by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, of its good faith efforts.

(h) The contractor shall include the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the state, and in every subcontract entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a municipal public works contract or contract for a quasi-public agency project, and such provisions shall be binding on a subcontractor, vendor or manufacturer, unless exempted by regulations or orders of the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with section 46a-56; provided, if such contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the commission regarding a state contract, the contractor may request the state of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the state and the state may so enter.

(1958 Rev., § 4-114a; 1965, Feb.Sp.Sess., P.A. 366, § 1, eff. June 29, 1965; 1967, P.A. 284; 1973, P.A. 73-279, § 13; 1974, P.A. 74-68; 1976, P.A. 76-8; 1978, P.A. 78-148, § 8; 1982, P.A. 82-358, § 7, eff. July 1, 1982; 1983, P.A. 83-569, § 8, eff. July 1, 1983; 1984, P.A. 84-412, § 3, eff. July 1, 1984; 1984, P.A. 84-418; 1988, P.A. 88-351, § 2, eff. April 1, 1989; 1989, P.A. 89-253, § 2, eff. July 1, 1989; 2007, P.A. 07-142, § 9, eff. June 25, 2007; 2009, P.A. 09-158, § 1, eff. June 30, 2009; 2011, P.A. 11-55, § 3; 2011, P.A. 11-129, § 20; 2011, P.A. 11-229, § 3; 2015, June Sp.Sess., P.A. 15-5, § 63; 2017, P.A. 17-130, § 7, eff. July 1, 2017; 2018, P.A. 18-75, § 2, eff. July 1, 2018.)

§ 4a-60a. Provisions re nondiscrimination on the basis of sexual orientation required in awarding agency, municipal public works and quasi-public agency project contracts

(a) Except as provided in section 10a-151i, every contract to which an awarding agency is a party, every contract for a quasi-public agency project and every municipal public works contract shall contain the following provisions:

(1) The contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the contract such contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of sexual orientation, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the state of Connecticut, and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their sexual orientation;

(2) The contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment;

(3) The contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this section and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said commission pursuant to section 46a-56; and

(4) The contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor which relate to the provisions of this section and section 46a-56.

(b) Except as provided in section 10a-151i:

(1) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with an awarding agency or who is a party to a municipal public works contract or a contract for a quasi-public agency project, where any such contract is valued at less than fifty thousand dollars for each year of the contract, shall provide the awarding agency, or in the case of a municipal public works or quasi-public agency project contract, the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, with a written representation that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section.

(2) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with an awarding agency or who is a party to a municipal public works contract or a contract for a quasi-public agency project, where any such contract is valued at fifty thousand dollars or more for any year of the contract, shall provide such awarding agency, or in the case of a municipal public works or quasi-public agency project contract, the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, with any of the following:

(A) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section;

(B) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by a prior resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor if (i) the prior resolution is certified by a duly authorized corporate officer of such contractor to be in effect on the date the documentation is submitted, and (ii) the head of the awarding agency, or a designee, or in the case of a municipal public works or quasi-public agency project contract, the executive director of the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities

or a designee, certifies that the prior resolution complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section; or

(C) Documentation in the form of an affidavit signed under penalty of false statement by a chief executive officer, president, chairperson or other corporate officer duly authorized to adopt company or corporate policy that certifies that the company or corporate policy of the contractor complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section and is in effect on the date the affidavit is signed.

(3) No awarding agency, or in the case of a municipal public works contract, no municipality, or in the case of a quasi-public agency project contract, no entity, shall award a contract to a contractor who has not provided the representation or documentation required under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, as applicable. After the initial submission of such representation or documentation, the contractor shall not be required to resubmit such representation or documentation unless there is a change in the information contained in such representation or documentation. If there is any change in the information contained in the most recently filed representation or updated documentation, the contractor shall submit an updated representation or documentation, as applicable, either (A) not later than thirty days after the effective date of such change, or (B) upon the execution of a new contract with the awarding agency, municipality, or entity, as applicable, whichever is earlier. Such contractor shall also certify, in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, to the awarding agency or commission, as applicable, not later than fourteen days after the twelve-month anniversary of the most recently filed representation, documentation or updated representation or documentation, that the representation on file with the awarding agency or commission, as applicable, is current and accurate.

(c) For the purposes of this section, “contract” includes any extension or modification of the contract, and “contractor” includes any successors or assigns of the contractor. For the purposes of this section, “contract” does not include a contract where each contractor is (1) a political subdivision of the state, including, but not limited to, a municipality, unless the contract is a municipal public works contract or quasi-public agency project contract, (2) any other state, as defined in section 1-267, (3) the federal government, (4) a foreign government, or (5) an agency of a subdivision, state or government described in subdivision (1), (2), (3) or (4) of this subsection.

(d) The contractor shall include the provisions of subsection (a) of this section in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the state, and in every subcontract entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a municipal public works contractor contract for a quasi-public agency project, and such provisions shall be binding on a subcontractor, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with section 46a-56; provided, if such contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the commission regarding a state contract, the contractor may request the state of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the state and the state may so enter.

(1991, P.A. 91-58, § 16; 1991, P.A. 91-407, § 8, eff. July 2, 1991; 2007, P.A. 07-142, § 10, eff. June 25, 2007; 2009, P.A. 09-158, § 2, eff. June 30, 2009; 2011, P.A. 11-229, § 4; 2015, June Sp.Sess., P.A. 15-5, § 64; 2017, P.A. 17-130, § 8, eff. July 1, 2017.)

Sec. 31-57b. Awarding of contracts to occupational safety and health law violators prohibited. No contract shall be awarded by the state or any of its political subdivisions to any person or firm or any firm, corporation, partnership or association in which such persons or firms have an interest (1) which has been cited for three or more

wilful or serious violations of any occupational safety and health act or of any standard, order or regulation promulgated pursuant to such act, during the three-year period preceding the bid, provided such violations were cited in accordance with the provisions of any state occupational safety and health act or the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, and not abated within the time fixed by the citation and such citation has not been set aside following appeal to the appropriate agency or court having jurisdiction or (2) which has received one or more criminal convictions related to the injury or death of any employee in the three-year period preceding the bid. Any person who knowingly provides false information concerning the information required pursuant to this section shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars and shall be disqualified from bidding on or participating in a contract with the state or any of its political subdivisions for five years from the date of the final determination that the information is false. Any political subdivision or any state agency receiving false information pursuant to this section shall notify the Commissioner of Administrative Services and, upon receipt of such notice, the commissioner shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. Upon a determination that false information was provided, the commissioner shall impose a civil penalty in accordance with the provisions of this section. Such civil penalty shall be paid to the Treasurer or to an official of the political subdivision, as the case may be. Any civil penalty imposed pursuant to this section may be collected in a civil proceeding by any official of a political subdivision authorized to institute civil actions or, in the case of the state, by the attorney general, upon complaint of the Commissioner of Administrative Services.

(1989, P.A. 89-367, § 6.)

Sec. 4-250. Definitions. As used in sections 4-250 to 4-252:

- (1) "Gift" has the same meaning as provided in section 1-79, except that the exclusion in subparagraph (L) of subdivision (5) of section 1-79 for a gift for the celebration of a major life event does not apply;
- (2) "Quasi-public agency", "public official" and "state employee" have the same meanings as provided in section 1-79;
- (3) "State agency" means any office, department, board, council, commission, institution or other agency in the executive, legislative or judicial branch of state government;
- (4) "Large state contract" means an agreement or a combination or series of agreements between a state agency or a quasi-public agency and a person, firm or corporation, having a total value of more than five hundred thousand dollars in a calendar or fiscal year, for (A) a project for the construction, alteration or repair of any public building or public work, (B) services, including, but not limited to, consulting and professional services, (C) the procurement of supplies, materials or equipment, (D) a lease, or (E) a licensing arrangement. The term "large state contract" does not include a contract between a state agency or a quasi-public agency and a political subdivision of the state;
- (5) "Principals and key personnel" means officers, directors, shareholders, members, partners and managerial employees; and
- (6) "Participated substantially" means participation that is direct, extensive and substantive, and not peripheral, clerical or ministerial.

(2004, P.A. 04-245, § 2, eff. June 1, 2004; 2007, P.A. 07-213, § 2, eff. July 10, 2007; 2013, P.A. 13-244, § 23.)

Sec. 4-252. Certifications.

- (a) Except as provided in section 10a-151f, on and after July 1, 2006, no state agency or quasi-public agency shall execute a large state contract unless the state agency or quasi-public agency obtains the written or electronic certification described in this section. Each such certification shall be sworn as true to the best knowledge and belief of the person signing the certification, subject to the penalties of false statement. If there is any change in the information contained in the most recently filed certification, such person shall submit an updated certification either (1) not later than thirty days after the effective date of any such change, or (2) upon the submittal of any new bid or proposal for a large state contract, whichever is earlier. Such person shall also submit to the state agency or quasi-public agency an accurate, updated certification not later than fourteen days after the twelve-month anniversary of the most recently filed certification or updated certification.
- (b) The official or employee of such state agency or quasi-public agency who is authorized to execute state contracts shall certify that the selection of the most qualified or highest ranked person, firm or corporation was not the result of collusion, the giving of a gift or the promise of a gift, compensation, fraud or inappropriate influence from any person.
- (c) Any principal or key personnel of the person, firm or corporation submitting a bid or proposal for a large state contract shall certify:
 - (1) That no gifts were made by (A) such person, firm, corporation, (B) any principals and key personnel of the person, firm or corporation, who participate substantially in preparing bids, proposals or negotiating state contracts, or (C) any agent of such person, firm, corporation or principals and key personnel, who participates substantially in

preparing bids, proposals or negotiating state contracts, to (i) any public official or state employee of the state agency or quasi-public agency soliciting bids or proposals for state contracts, who participates substantially in the preparation of bid solicitations or requests for proposals for state contracts or the negotiation or award of state contracts, or (ii) any public official or state employee of any other state agency, who has supervisory or appointing authority over such state agency or quasi-public agency;

(2) That no such principals and key personnel of the person, firm or corporation, or agent of such person, firm or corporation or principals and key personnel, knows of any action by the person, firm or corporation to circumvent such prohibition on gifts by providing for any other principals and key personnel, official, employee or agent of the person, firm or corporation to provide a gift to any such public official or state employee; and

(3) That the person, firm or corporation is submitting bids or proposals without fraud or collusion with any person.

(d) Any bidder or proposer that does not make the certification required under this section shall be disqualified and the state agency or quasi-public agency shall award the contract to the next highest ranked proposer or the next lowest responsible qualified bidder or seek new bids or proposals.

(e) Each state agency and quasi-public agency shall include in the bid specifications or request for proposals for a large state contract a notice of the certification requirements of this section.

(2004, P.A. 04-245, § 4, eff. June 1, 2004; 2011, P.A. 11-229, § 2; 2017, P.A. 17-130, § 6, eff. July 1, 2017.)

Sec. 9-612. (Formerly Sec. 9-333n). Other contributions by individuals. Principals of investment services firms, state contractors, principals of state contractors, prospective state contractors or principals of prospective state contractors. Lists. Subcontracts study. State officials or employees. Legislative caucus staff members.

(a) No individual shall make a contribution or contributions in any one calendar year in excess of ten thousand dollars to the state central committee of any party, or for the benefit of such committee pursuant to its authorization or request; or two thousand dollars to a town committee of any political party, or for the benefit of such committee pursuant to its authorization or request; or two thousand dollars to a legislative caucus committee or legislative leadership committee, or one thousand dollars to any other political committee other than (1) a political committee formed solely to aid or promote the success or defeat of a referendum question, (2) an exploratory committee, (3) a political committee established by an organization, or for the benefit of such committee pursuant to its authorization or request, or (4) a political committee formed by a slate of candidates in a primary for the office of justice of the peace of the same town.

(b) No individual shall make a contribution to a political committee established by an organization which receives its funds from the organization's treasury. With respect to a political committee established by an organization which has complied with the provisions of subsection (b) or (c) of section 9-614, and has elected to receive contributions, no individual other than a member of the organization may make contributions to the committee, in which case the individual may contribute not more than seven hundred fifty dollars in any one calendar year to such committee or for the benefit of such committee pursuant to its authorization or request.

(c) In no event may any individual make contributions to a candidate committee and a political committee formed solely to support one candidate other than an exploratory committee or for the benefit of a candidate committee and a political committee formed solely to support one candidate pursuant to the authorization or request of any such committee, in an amount which in the aggregate is in excess of the maximum amount which may be contributed to the candidate.

(d) Any individual may make unlimited contributions or expenditures to aid or promote the success or defeat of any referendum question, provided any individual who makes an expenditure or expenditures in excess of one thousand dollars to promote the success or defeat of any referendum question shall file statements according to the same schedule and in the same manner as is required of a treasurer of a political committee under section 9-608.

(e) (1) As used in this subsection and subsection (f) of section 9-608, (A) "investment services" means investment legal services, investment banking services, investment advisory services, underwriting services, financial advisory services or brokerage firm services, and (B) "principal of an investment services firm" means (i) an individual who is a director of or has an ownership interest in an investment services firm to which the State Treasurer pays compensation, expenses or fees or issues a contract, except for an individual who owns less than five per cent of the shares of an investment services firm, (ii) an individual who is employed by such an investment services firm as president, treasurer, or executive vice president, (iii) an employee of such an investment services firm who has managerial or discretionary responsibilities with respect to any investment services provided to the State Treasurer, (iv) the spouse or a dependent child who is eighteen years of age or older of an individual described in this subparagraph, or (v) a political committee established or controlled by an individual described in this subparagraph.

(2) No principal of an investment services firm shall make a contribution to, or solicit contributions on behalf of, an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of State Treasurer during the term of office of the State Treasurer who pays compensation, expenses or fees or issues a contract to such firm. The provisions of this subdivision shall apply only to contributions and the solicitation of contributions that are not prohibited under subdivision (2) of subsection (f) of this section.

(3) Neither the State Treasurer, the Deputy State Treasurer, any unclassified employee of the office of the State Treasurer acting on behalf of the State Treasurer or Deputy State Treasurer, any candidate for the office of State Treasurer, any member of the Investment Advisory Council established under section 3-13b nor any agent of any such candidate may knowingly, wilfully or intentionally solicit contributions on behalf of an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to any public office, a political committee or a party committee, from a principal of an investment services firm. The provisions of this subdivision shall apply only to contributions and the solicitation of contributions that are not prohibited under subdivision (3) of subsection (f) of this section.

(4) No member of the Investment Advisory Council appointed under section 3-13b shall make a contribution to, or solicit contributions on behalf of, an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of State Treasurer.

(5) The provisions of this subsection shall not restrict an individual from establishing an exploratory or candidate committee or from soliciting for and making contributions to a town committee or political committee that the candidate has designated in accordance with subsection (b) of section 9-604, for the financing of the individual's own campaign or from soliciting contributions for such committees from persons not prohibited from making contributions under this subsection.

(f) (1) As used in this subsection and subsections (g) and (h) of this section:

(A) "Quasi-public agency" has the same meaning as provided in section 1-120.

(B) "State agency" means any office, department, board, council, commission, institution or other agency in the executive or legislative branch of state government.

(C) "State contract" means an agreement or contract with the state or any state agency or any quasi-public agency, let through a procurement process or otherwise, having a value of fifty thousand dollars or more, or a combination or series of such agreements or contracts having a value of one hundred thousand dollars or more in a calendar year, for (i) the rendition of services, (ii) the furnishing of any goods, material, supplies, equipment or any items of any kind, (iii) the construction, alteration or repair of any public building or public work, (iv) the acquisition, sale or lease of any land or building, (v) a licensing arrangement, or (vi) a grant, loan or loan guarantee. "State contract" does not include any agreement or contract with the state, any state agency or any quasi-public agency that is exclusively federally funded, an education loan, a loan to an individual for other than commercial purposes or any agreement or contract between the state or any state agency and the United States Department of the Navy or the United States Department of Defense.

(D) "State contractor" means a person, business entity or nonprofit organization that enters into a state contract. Such person, business entity or nonprofit organization shall be deemed to be a state contractor until December thirty-first of the year in which such contract terminates. "State contractor" does not include a municipality or any other political subdivision of the state, including any entities or associations duly created by the municipality or political subdivision exclusively amongst themselves to further any purpose authorized by statute or charter, or an employee in the executive or legislative branch of state government or a quasi-public agency, whether in the classified or unclassified service and full or part-time, and only in such person's capacity as a state or quasi-public agency employee.

(E) "Prospective state contractor" means a person, business entity or nonprofit organization that (i) submits a response to a state contract solicitation by the state, a state agency or a quasi-public agency, or a proposal in response to a request for proposals by the state, a state agency or a quasi-public agency, until the contract has been

entered into, or (ii) holds a valid prequalification certificate issued by the Commissioner of Administrative Services under section 4a-100. "Prospective state contractor" does not include a municipality or any other political subdivision of the state, including any entities or associations duly created by the municipality or political subdivision exclusively amongst themselves to further any purpose authorized by statute or charter, or an employee in the executive or legislative branch of state government or a quasi-public agency, whether in the classified or unclassified service and full or part-time, and only in such person's capacity as a state or quasi-public agency employee.

(F) "Principal of a state contractor or prospective state contractor" means (i) any individual who is a member of the board of directors of, or has an ownership interest of five per cent or more in, a state contractor or prospective state contractor, which is a business entity, except for an individual who is a member of the board of directors of a nonprofit organization, (ii) an individual who is employed by a state contractor or prospective state contractor, which is a business entity, as president, treasurer or executive vice president, (iii) an individual who is the chief executive officer of a state contractor or prospective state contractor, which is not a business entity, or if a state contractor or prospective state contractor has no such officer, then the officer who duly possesses comparable powers and duties, (iv) an officer or an employee of any state contractor or prospective state contractor who has managerial or discretionary responsibilities with respect to a state contract, (v) the spouse or a dependent child who is eighteen years of age or older of an individual described in this subparagraph, or (vi) a political committee established or controlled by an individual described in this subparagraph or the business entity or nonprofit organization that is the state contractor or prospective state contractor.

(G) "Dependent child" means a child residing in an individual's household who may legally be claimed as a dependent on the federal income tax return of such individual.

(H) "Managerial or discretionary responsibilities with respect to a state contract" means having direct, extensive and substantive responsibilities with respect to the negotiation of the state contract and not peripheral, clerical or ministerial responsibilities.

(I) "Rendition of services" means the provision of any service to a state agency or quasi-public agency in exchange for a fee, remuneration or compensation of any kind from the state or through an arrangement with the state.

(J) "State contract solicitation" means a request by a state agency or quasi-public agency, in whatever form issued, including, but not limited to, an invitation to bid, request for proposals, request for information or request for quotes, inviting bids, quotes or other types of submittals, through a competitive procurement process or another process authorized by law waiving competitive procurement.

(K) "Subcontractor" means any person, business entity or nonprofit organization that contracts to perform part or all of the obligations of a state contractor's state contract. Such person, business entity or nonprofit organization shall be deemed to be a subcontractor until December thirty-first of the year in which the subcontract terminates. "Subcontractor" does not include (i) a municipality or any other political subdivision of the state, including any entities or associations duly created by the municipality or political subdivision exclusively amongst themselves to further any purpose authorized by statute or charter, or (ii) an employee in the executive or legislative branch of state government or a quasi-public agency, whether in the classified or unclassified service and full or part-time, and only in such person's capacity as a state or quasi-public agency employee.

(L) "Principal of a subcontractor" means (i) any individual who is a member of the board of directors of, or has an ownership interest of five per cent or more in, a subcontractor, which is a business entity, except for an individual who is a member of the board of directors of a nonprofit organization, (ii) an individual who is employed by a

subcontractor, which is a business entity, as president, treasurer or executive vice president, (iii) an individual who is the chief executive officer of a subcontractor, which is not a business entity, or if a subcontractor has no such officer, then the officer who duly possesses comparable powers and duties, (iv) an officer or an employee of any subcontractor who has managerial or discretionary responsibilities with respect to a subcontract with a state contractor, (v) the spouse or a dependent child who is eighteen years of age or older of an individual described in this subparagraph, or (vi) a political committee established or controlled by an individual described in this subparagraph or the business entity or nonprofit organization that is the subcontractor.

(2) (A) No state contractor, prospective state contractor, principal of a state contractor or principal of a prospective state contractor, with regard to a state contract or a state contract solicitation with or from a state agency in the executive branch or a quasi-public agency or a holder, or principal of a holder, of a valid prequalification certificate, shall make a contribution to, or, on and after January 1, 2011, knowingly solicit contributions from the state contractor's or prospective state contractor's employees or from a subcontractor or principals of the subcontractor on behalf of (i) an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer, (ii) a political committee authorized to make contributions or expenditures to or for the benefit of such candidates, or (iii) a party committee;

(B) No state contractor, prospective state contractor, principal of a state contractor or principal of a prospective state contractor, with regard to a state contract or a state contract solicitation with or from the General Assembly or a holder, or principal of a holder, of a valid prequalification certificate, shall make a contribution to, or, on and after January 1, 2011, knowingly solicit contributions from the state contractor's or prospective state contractor's employees or from a subcontractor or principals of the subcontractor on behalf of (i) an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of state senator or state representative, (ii) a political committee authorized to make contributions or expenditures to or for the benefit of such candidates, or (iii) a party committee;

(C) If a state contractor or principal of a state contractor makes or solicits a contribution as prohibited under subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision, as determined by the State Elections Enforcement Commission, the contracting state agency or quasi-public agency may, in the case of a state contract executed on or after February 8, 2007, void the existing contract with such contractor, and no state agency or quasi-public agency shall award the state contractor a state contract or an extension or an amendment to a state contract for one year after the election for which such contribution is made or solicited unless the commission determines that mitigating circumstances exist concerning such violation. No violation of the prohibitions contained in subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision shall be deemed to have occurred if, and only if, the improper contribution is returned to the principal by the later of thirty days after receipt of such contribution by the recipient committee treasurer or the filing date that corresponds with the reporting period in which such contribution was made;

(D) If a prospective state contractor or principal of a prospective state contractor makes or solicits a contribution as prohibited under subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision, as determined by the State Elections Enforcement Commission, no state agency or quasi-public agency shall award the prospective state contractor the contract described in the state contract solicitation or any other state contract for one year after the election for which such contribution is made or solicited unless the commission determines that mitigating circumstances exist concerning such violation. The Commissioner of Administrative Services shall notify applicants of the provisions of this subparagraph and subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision during the prequalification application process; and

(E) The State Elections Enforcement Commission shall make available to each state agency and quasi-public agency a written notice advising state contractors and prospective state contractors of the contribution and solicitation

prohibitions contained in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision. Such notice shall: (i) Direct each state contractor and prospective state contractor to inform each individual described in subparagraph (F) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, with regard to such state contractor or prospective state contractor, about the provisions of subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision, whichever is applicable, and this subparagraph; (ii) inform each state contractor and prospective state contractor of the civil and criminal penalties that could be imposed for violations of such prohibitions if any such contribution is made or solicited; (iii) inform each state contractor and prospective state contractor that, in the case of a state contractor, if any such contribution is made or solicited, the contract may be voided; (iv) inform each state contractor and prospective state contractor that, in the case of a prospective state contractor, if any such contribution is made or solicited, the contract described in the state contract solicitation shall not be awarded, unless the commission determines that mitigating circumstances exist concerning such violation; and (v) inform each state contractor and prospective state contractor that the state will not award any other state contract to anyone found in violation of such prohibitions for a period of one year after the election for which such contribution is made or solicited, unless the commission determines that mitigating circumstances exist concerning such violation. Each state agency and quasi-public agency shall distribute such notice to the chief executive officer of its contractors and prospective state contractors, or an authorized signatory to a state contract, and shall obtain a written acknowledgment of the receipt of such notice.

(3) (A) On and after December 31, 2006, neither the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer, any candidate for any such office nor any agent of any such official or candidate shall knowingly, wilfully or intentionally solicit contributions on behalf of an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to any public office, a political committee or a party committee, from a person who he or she knows is prohibited from making contributions, including a principal of a state contractor or prospective state contractor with regard to a state contract solicitation with or from a state agency in the executive branch or a quasi-public agency or a holder of a valid prequalification certificate.

(B) On and after December 31, 2006, neither a member of the General Assembly, any candidate for any such office nor any agent of any such official or candidate shall knowingly, wilfully or intentionally solicit contributions on behalf of an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to any public office, a political committee or a party committee, from a person who he or she knows is prohibited from making contributions, including a principal of a state contractor or prospective state contractor with regard to a state contract solicitation with or from the General Assembly or a holder of a valid prequalification certificate.

(4) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to the campaign of a principal of a state contractor or prospective state contractor or to a principal of a state contractor or prospective state contractor who is an elected public official.

(5) Each state contractor and prospective state contractor shall make reasonable efforts to comply with the provisions of this subsection. If the State Elections Enforcement Commission determines that a state contractor or prospective state contractor has failed to make reasonable efforts to comply with this subsection, the commission may impose civil penalties against such state contractor or prospective state contractor in accordance with subsection (a) of section 9-7b.

(g) (1) Not later than thirty days after February 8, 2007, each state agency and quasi-public agency shall prepare and forward to the State Elections Enforcement Commission, on a form prescribed by said commission, a list of the names of the state contractors and prospective state contractors with which such agency is a party to a contract, and any state contract solicitations or prequalification certificates issued by the agency. Not less than once per

month, each state agency and quasi-public agency shall forward to said commission, on a form prescribed by the commission, any changes, additions or deletions to said lists, not later than the fifteenth day of the month.

(2) Not later than sixty days after February 8, 2007, the State Elections Enforcement Commission shall (A) compile a master list of state contractors and prospective state contractors for all state agencies and quasi-public agencies, based on the information received under subdivision (1) of this subsection, (B) publish the master list on the commission's Internet web site, and (C) provide copies of the master list to treasurers upon request. The commission shall update the master list every month.

(h) The State Contracting Standards Board shall study subcontracts for state contracts and, not later than February 1, 2010, submit proposed legislation for extending the provisions of this subsection to such subcontracts to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to elections.

(i) (1) As used in this subsection:

(A) "Quasi-public agency" has the same meaning as provided in section 1-120.

(B) "Unclassified service" has the same meaning as provided in section 5-196.

(2) On and after December 31, 2006:

(A) No executive head of a state agency in the executive branch, executive head of a quasi-public agency, deputy of any such executive head, other full-time official or employee of any such state agency or quasi-public agency who is appointed by the Governor, other full-time official or employee of any such state agency or quasi-public agency who is in the unclassified service, or member of the immediate family of any such person, shall make a contribution or contributions (i) to, or for the benefit of, any candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election to the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor, in excess of one hundred dollars for each such campaign, or (ii) to a political committee established by any such candidate, in excess of one hundred dollars in any calendar year;

(B) No official or employee of the office of the Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer who is in the unclassified service, or member of the immediate family of any such person, shall make a contribution or contributions (i) to, or for the benefit of, any candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election to the office in which such official or employee serves, in excess of one hundred dollars for each such campaign, or (ii) to a political committee established by any such candidate, in excess of one hundred dollars in any calendar year; and

(C) No member of a caucus staff for a major party in the Senate or House of Representatives, or member of the immediate family of such person, shall make a contribution or contributions (i) to, or for the benefit of, any candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election to the office of state senator or state representative, in excess of one hundred dollars for each such campaign, (ii) to a political committee established by any such candidate, in excess of one hundred dollars in any calendar year, or (iii) to a legislative caucus committee or a legislative leadership committee, in excess of one hundred dollars in any calendar year.

(1958 Rev., § 9-333n; 1986, P.A. 86-99, § 15, eff. Jan. 1, 1987; 1991, P.A. 91-351, §§ 14, 19, eff. Jan. 1, 1992; 1995, P.A. 95-188, § 2; 1997, June 18 Sp.Sess., P.A. 97-5, § 12; 2000, P.A. 00-43, § 18, eff. May 3, 2000; 2002, P.A. 02-130, § 11, eff. May 10, 2002; 2003, P.A. 03-241, § 14, eff. Jan. 1, 2004; 2005, Oct. 25 Sp.Sess., P.A. 05-5, § 32, eff. Dec. 7, 2005; 2005, Oct. 25 Sp.Sess., P.A. 05-5, § 31, eff. Dec. 31, 2006; 2006, P.A. 06-137, §§ 26, 28, eff. Dec. 31, 2006; 2007, P.A. 07-1, § 1, eff. Feb. 8, 2007; 2007, P.A. 07-202, § 9, eff. July 10, 2007; 2008, P.A. 08-2, §§ 10 to 12, eff. April 7,

2008; 2009, P.A. 09-234, § 13, eff. July 9, 2009; 2010, P.A. 10-187, § 6, eff. June 8, 2010; 2010, July Sp.Sess., P.A. 10-1, § 10, eff. Aug. 13, 2010; 2012, June 12 Sp.Sess., P.A. 12-2, § 51; 2013, P.A. 13-180, § 7, eff. June 18, 2013; 2014, P.A. 14-182, § 11, eff. June 12, 2014.)

Sec. 4a-81. Contracts for goods and services over fifty thousand dollars. Affidavit by bidder or vendor re consulting agreements. Failure to submit. Disqualification. (a) Except as provided in section 10a-151f, no state agency or quasi-public agency shall execute a contract for the purchase of goods or services, which contract has a total value to the state of fifty thousand dollars or more in any calendar or fiscal year, unless the state agency or quasi-public agency obtains the affidavit described in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) (1) Any principal or key personnel of a person, firm or corporation who submit bids or proposals for a contract described in subsection (a) of this section shall attest in an affidavit as to whether any consulting agreement has been entered into in connection with any such contract. Such affidavit shall be required if any duties of the consultant included communications concerning business of a state or quasi-public agency, whether or not direct contact with a state agency, state or public official or state employee was expected or made. As used in this section, "consulting agreement" means any written or oral agreement to retain the services, for a fee, of a consultant for the purposes of (A) providing counsel to a contractor, vendor, consultant or other entity seeking to conduct, or conducting, business with the state, (B) contacting, whether in writing or orally, any executive, judicial, or administrative office of the state, including any department, institution, bureau, board, commission, authority, official or employee for the purpose of solicitation, dispute resolution, introduction, requests for information, or (C) any other similar activity related to such contracts. "Consulting agreement" does not include any agreements entered into with a consultant who is registered under the provisions of chapter 10¹ as of the date such affidavit is submitted in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(2) Such affidavit shall be sworn as true to the best knowledge and belief of the person signing the certification on the affidavit and shall be subject to the penalties of false statement.

(3) Such affidavit shall include the following information for each consulting agreement listed: The name of the consultant, the consultant's firm, the basic terms of the consulting agreement, a brief description of the services provided, and an indication as to whether the consultant is a former state employee or public official. If the consultant is a former state employee or public official, such affidavit shall indicate his or her former agency and the date such employment terminated.

(4) After the initial submission of such affidavit, the principal or key personnel of the person, firm or corporation shall not be required to resubmit such affidavit unless there is a change in the information contained in such affidavit. If there is any change in the information contained in the most recently filed affidavit required under this section, the principal or key personnel of a person, firm or corporation who submit bids or proposals for a contract described in subsection (a) of this section shall submit an updated affidavit either (A) not later than thirty days after the effective date of any such change, or (B) upon the submittal of any new bid or proposal, whichever is earlier.

(c) Each state agency and quasi-public agency shall include a notice of the affidavit requirements of this section in the bid specifications or request for proposals for any contract that is described in subsection (a) of this section.

(d) If a bidder or vendor refuses to submit the affidavit required under subsection (b) of this section, such bidder or vendor shall be disqualified and the state agency or quasi-public agency shall award the contract to the next highest ranked vendor or the next lowest responsible qualified bidder or seek new bids or proposals.

(2005, P.A. 05-287, § 51, eff. July 13, 2005; 2011, P.A. 11-229, § 5; 2017, P.A. 17-130, § 10, eff. July 1, 2017.)

Sec. 1-101qq. State ethics law summary provided to persons seeking large state construction or procurement contract. Affirmation of receipt. Summary and affirmation re subcontractors and consultants. Failure to submit affirmation. Incorporation of summary in contract terms.

(a) Except as provided in section 10a-151h, a state agency or institution or quasi-public agency that is seeking a contractor for a large state construction or procurement contract shall provide the summary of state ethics laws developed by the Office of State Ethics pursuant to section 1-81b to any person seeking a large state construction or procurement contract. Such person shall affirm to the agency or institution, in writing or electronically, (1) receipt of such summary, and (2) that key employees of such person have read and understand the summary and agree to comply with the provisions of state ethics law. After the initial submission of such affirmation, such person shall not be required to resubmit such affirmation unless there is a change in the information contained in the affirmation. If there is any change in the information contained in the most recently filed affirmation, such person shall submit an updated affirmation either (A) not later than thirty days after the effective date of any such change, or (B) upon the submittal of any new bid or proposal, whichever is earlier. No state agency or institution or quasi-public agency shall accept a bid or proposal for a large state construction or procurement contract without such affirmation.

(b) Except as provided in section 10a-151h, prior to entering into a contract with any subcontractors or consultants, each large state construction or procurement contractor shall (1) provide the summary of state ethics laws described in subsection (a) of this section to all subcontractors and consultants, and (2) obtain an affirmation from each subcontractor and consultant that such subcontractor and consultant has received such summary and key employees of such subcontractor and consultant have read and understand the summary and agree to comply with its provisions. The contractor shall provide such affirmations to the state agency, institution or quasi-public agency not later than fifteen days after the request of such agency, institution or quasi-public agency for such affirmation. Failure to submit such affirmations in a timely manner shall be cause for termination of the large state construction or procurement contract.

(c) Each contract with a contractor, subcontractor or consultant described in subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall incorporate such summary by reference as a part of the contract terms.

(2005, P.A. 05-287, § 37, eff. July 1, 2005; 2006, P.A. 06-196, § 18, eff. June 7, 2006; 2011, P.A. 11-229, § 1; 2017, P.A. 17-130, § 5, eff. July 1, 2017.)

Sec. 4-61dd. Whistleblowing. Disclosure of information to Auditors of Public Accounts. Investigation by Attorney General. Proceedings re alleged retaliatory personnel actions. Report to General Assembly. Large state contractors.

(a) Any person having knowledge of any matter involving corruption, unethical practices, violation of state laws or regulations, mismanagement, gross waste of funds, abuse of authority or danger to the public safety occurring in any state department or agency, any quasi-public agency, as defined in section 1-120, or any Probate Court or any person having knowledge of any matter involving corruption, violation of state or federal laws or regulations, gross waste of funds, abuse of authority or danger to the public safety occurring in any large state contract, may transmit all facts and information in such person's possession concerning such matter to the Auditors of Public Accounts. The Auditors of Public Accounts shall review such matter and report their findings and any recommendations to the Attorney General. Upon receiving such a report, the Attorney General shall make such investigation as the Attorney General deems proper regarding such report and any other information that may be reasonably derived from such report. Prior to conducting an investigation of any information that may be reasonably derived from such report, the Attorney General shall consult with the Auditors of Public Accounts concerning the relationship of such additional information to the report that has been issued pursuant to this subsection. Any such subsequent investigation deemed appropriate by the Attorney General shall only be conducted with the concurrence and assistance of the Auditors of Public Accounts. At the request of the Attorney General or on their own initiative, the auditors shall assist in the investigation.

(b) (1) The Auditors of Public Accounts may reject any complaint received pursuant to subsection (a) of this section if the Auditors of Public Accounts determine one or more of the following:

(A) There are other available remedies that the complainant can reasonably be expected to pursue;

(B) The complaint is better suited for investigation or enforcement by another state agency;

(C) The complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in good faith;

(D) Other complaints have greater priority in terms of serving the public good;

(E) The complaint is not timely or is too long delayed to justify further investigation; or

(F) The complaint could be handled more appropriately as part of an ongoing or scheduled regular audit.

(2) If the Auditors of Public Accounts reject a complaint pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Auditors of Public Accounts shall provide a report to the Attorney General setting out the basis for the rejection.

(3) If at any time the Auditors of Public Accounts determine that a complaint is more appropriately investigated by another state agency, the Auditors of Public Accounts shall refer the complaint to such agency. The investigating agency shall provide a status report regarding the referred complaint to the Auditors of Public Accounts upon request.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 12-15, the Commissioner of Revenue Services may, upon written request by the Auditors of Public Accounts, disclose return or return information, as defined in section 12-15, to the Auditors of Public Accounts for purposes of preparing a report under subsection (a) or

(b) of this section. Such return or return information shall not be published in any report prepared in accordance with subsection (a) or (b) of this section, and shall not otherwise be redisclosed, except that such information may be redisclosed to the Attorney General for purposes of an investigation authorized by subsection (a) of this section.

Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of section 12-15.

(d) The Attorney General may summon witnesses, require the production of any necessary books, papers or other documents and administer oaths to witnesses, where necessary, for the purpose of an investigation pursuant to this section or for the purpose of investigating a suspected violation of subsection (a) of section 4-275 until such time as the Attorney General files a civil action pursuant to section 4-276. Service of a subpoena ad testificandum, subpoena duces tecum and a notice of deposition, may be made by: (1) Personal service or service at the usual place of abode; or (2) registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, a duly executed copy thereof addressed to the person to be served at such person's principal place of business in this state, or, if such person has no principal place of business in this state, at such person's principal office or such person's residence. Upon the conclusion of the investigation, the Attorney General shall where necessary, report any findings to the Governor, or in matters involving criminal activity, to the Chief State's Attorney. In addition to the exempt records provision of section 1-210, the Auditors of Public Accounts and the Attorney General shall not, after receipt of any information from a person under the provisions of this section or sections 4-276 to 4-280, inclusive, disclose the identity of such person without such person's consent unless the Auditors of Public Accounts or the Attorney General determines that such disclosure is unavoidable, and may withhold records of such investigation, during the pendency of the investigation. All documentary material or other information furnished to the Attorney General, his or her deputy or any assistant attorney general designated by the Attorney General, pursuant to a demand issued under this subsection for the purpose of investigating a suspected violation of subsection (a) of section 4-275, shall be returned to the person furnishing such documentary material or other information upon the termination of the Attorney General's investigation or final determination of any action or proceeding commenced thereunder.

(e) (1) No state officer or employee, as defined in section 4-141, no quasi-public agency officer or employee, no officer or employee of a large state contractor and no appointing authority shall take or threaten to take any personnel action against any state or quasi-public agency employee or any employee of a large state contractor in retaliation for (A) such employee's or contractor's disclosure of information to (i) an employee of the Auditors of Public Accounts or the Attorney General under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section; (ii) an employee of the state agency or quasi-public agency where such state officer or employee is employed; (iii) an employee of a state agency pursuant to a mandated reporter statute or pursuant to subsection (b) of section 17a-28; (iv) an employee of the Probate Court where such employee is employed; or (v) in the case of a large state contractor, an employee of the contracting state agency concerning information involving the large state contract; or (B) such employee's testimony or assistance in any proceeding under this section.

(2) (A) Not later than ninety days after learning of the specific incident giving rise to a claim that a personnel action has been threatened or has occurred in violation of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a state or quasi-public agency employee, an employee of a large state contractor or the employee's attorney may file a complaint against the state agency, quasi-public agency, Probate Court, large state contractor or appointing authority concerning such personnel action with the Chief Human Rights Referee designated under section 46a-57. Such complaint may be amended if an additional incident giving rise to a claim under this subdivision occurs subsequent to the filing of the original complaint. The Chief Human Rights Referee shall assign the complaint to a human rights referee appointed under section 46a-57, who shall conduct a hearing and issue a decision concerning whether the officer or employee taking or threatening to take the personnel action violated any provision of this section. The human rights referee may order a state agency, quasi-public agency or Probate Court to produce (i) an employee of such agency, quasi-public agency or Probate Court to testify as a witness in any proceeding under this subdivision, or (ii) books, papers or other documents relevant to the complaint, without issuing a subpoena. If such agency, quasi-public agency or Probate Court fails to produce such witness, books, papers or documents, not later than thirty days after such order,

the human rights referee may consider such failure as supporting evidence for the complainant. If, after the hearing, the human rights referee finds a violation, the referee may award the aggrieved employee reinstatement to the employee's former position, back pay and reestablishment of any employee benefits for which the employee would otherwise have been eligible if such violation had not occurred, reasonable attorneys' fees, and any other damages. For the purposes of this subsection, such human rights referee shall act as an independent hearing officer. The decision of a human rights referee under this subsection may be appealed by any person who was a party at such hearing, in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.

(B) The Chief Human Rights Referee shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, establishing the procedure for filing complaints and noticing and conducting hearings under subparagraph (A) of this subdivision.

(3) As an alternative to the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection: (A) A state or quasi-public agency employee who alleges that a personnel action has been threatened or taken may file an appeal not later than ninety days after learning of the specific incident giving rise to such claim with the Employees' Review Board under section 5-202, or, in the case of a state or quasi-public agency employee covered by a collective bargaining contract, in accordance with the procedure provided by such contract; or (B) an employee of a large state contractor alleging that such action has been threatened or taken may, after exhausting all available administrative remedies, bring a civil action in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of section 31-51m.

(4) In any proceeding under subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection concerning a personnel action taken or threatened against any state or quasi-public agency employee or any employee of a large state contractor, which personnel action occurs not later than two years after the employee first transmits facts and information concerning a matter under subsection (a) of this section or discloses information under subdivision (1) of this subsection to the Auditors of Public Accounts, the Attorney General or an employee of a state agency, quasi-public agency or Probate Court, as applicable, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the personnel action is in retaliation for the action taken by the employee under subsection (a) of this section or subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(5) If a state officer or employee, as defined in section 4-141, a quasi-public agency officer or employee, an officer or employee of a large state contractor or an appointing authority takes or threatens to take any action to impede, fail to renew or cancel a contract between a state agency and a large state contractor, or between a large state contractor and its subcontractor, in retaliation for the disclosure of information pursuant to subsection (a) of this section or subdivision (1) of this subsection to any agency listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection, such affected agency, contractor or subcontractor may, not later than ninety days after learning of such action, threat or failure to renew, bring a civil action in the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford to recover damages, attorney's fees and costs.

(f) Any employee of a state agency, quasi-public agency, Probate Court or large state contractor, who is found by the Auditors of Public Accounts, the Attorney General, a human rights referee or the Employees' Review Board to have knowingly and maliciously made false charges under subsection (a) of this section, shall be subject to disciplinary action by such employee's appointing authority up to and including dismissal. In the case of a state or quasi-public agency employee, such action shall be subject to appeal to the Employees' Review Board in accordance with section 5-202, or in the case of state or quasi-public agency employees included in collective bargaining contracts, the procedure provided by such contracts.

(g) On or before September first, annually, the Auditors of Public Accounts shall submit, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the clerk of each house of the General Assembly a report indicating the number of matters for which facts and information were transmitted to the auditors pursuant to this section during the preceding state fiscal year and the disposition of each such matter.

(h) Each contract between a state or quasi-public agency and a large state contractor shall provide that, if an officer, employee or appointing authority of a large state contractor takes or threatens to take any personnel action against any employee of the contractor in retaliation for such employee's disclosure of information to any employee of the contracting state or quasi-public agency or the Auditors of Public Accounts or the Attorney General under the provisions of subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of subsection (e) of this section, the contractor shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars for each offense, up to a maximum of twenty per cent of the value of the contract. Each violation shall be a separate and distinct offense and in the case of a continuing violation each calendar day's continuance of the violation shall be deemed to be a separate and distinct offense. The executive head of the state or quasi-public agency may request the Attorney General to bring a civil action in the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford to seek imposition and recovery of such civil penalty.

(i) Each state agency or quasi-public agency shall post a notice of the provisions of this section relating to state employees and quasi-public agency employees in a conspicuous place that is readily available for viewing by employees of such agency or quasi-public agency. Each Probate Court shall post a notice of the provisions of this section relating to Probate Court employees in a conspicuous place that is readily available for viewing by employees of such court. Each large state contractor shall post a notice of the provisions of this section relating to large state contractors in a conspicuous place which is readily available for viewing by the employees of the contractor.

(j) No person who, in good faith, discloses information in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be liable for any civil damages resulting from such good faith disclosure.

(k) As used in this section:

(1) "Large state contract" means a contract between an entity and a state or quasi-public agency, having a value of five million dollars or more; and

(2) "Large state contractor" means an entity that has entered into a large state contract with a state or quasi-public agency.

(l) (1) No officer or employee of a state shellfish grounds lessee shall take or threaten to take any personnel action against any employee of a state shellfish grounds lessee in retaliation for (A) such employee's disclosure of information to an employee of the leasing agency concerning information involving the state shellfish grounds lease, or (B) such employee's testimony or assistance in any proceeding under this section.

(2) (A) Not later than ninety days after learning of the specific incident giving rise to a claim that a personnel action has been threatened or has occurred in violation of subdivision (1) of this subsection, an employee of a state shellfish grounds lessee or the employee's attorney may file a complaint against the state shellfish grounds lessee concerning such personnel action with the Chief Human Rights Referee designated under section 46a-57. Such complaint may be amended if an additional incident giving rise to a claim under this subdivision occurs subsequent to the filing of the original complaint. The Chief Human Rights Referee shall assign the complaint to a human rights referee appointed under section 46a-57, who shall conduct a hearing and issue a decision concerning whether the officer or employee taking or threatening to take the personnel action violated any provision of this subsection. The human rights referee may order a state shellfish grounds lessee to produce (i) an employee of such lessee to testify as a witness in any proceeding under this subdivision, or (ii) books, papers or other documents relevant to the complaint,

without issuing a subpoena. If such state shellfish grounds lessee fails to produce such witness, books, papers or documents, not later than thirty days after such order, the human rights referee may consider such failure as supporting evidence for the complainant. If, after the hearing, the human rights referee finds a violation, the referee may award the aggrieved employee reinstatement to the employee's former position, back pay and reestablishment of any employee benefits for which the employee would otherwise have been eligible if such violation had not occurred, reasonable attorneys' fees and any other damages. For the purposes of this subsection, such human rights referee shall act as an independent hearing officer. The decision of a human rights referee under this subsection may be appealed by any person who was a party at such hearing, in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.

(B) The Chief Human Rights Referee shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, establishing the procedure for filing complaints and noticing and conducting hearings under subparagraph (A) of this subdivision.

(3) As an alternative to the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection, an employee of a state shellfish grounds lessee who alleges that a personnel action has been threatened or taken may, after exhausting all available administrative remedies, bring a civil action in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of section 31-51m.

(4) In any proceeding under subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection concerning a personnel action taken or threatened against any employee of a state shellfish grounds lessee, which personnel action occurs not later than two years after the employee first transmits facts and information to an employee of the leasing agency concerning the state shellfish grounds lease, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the personnel action is in retaliation for the action taken by the employee under subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(1979, P.A. 79-599, § 1; 1983, P.A. 83-232; 1985, P.A. 85-559, § 5; 1987, P.A. 87-442, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1987; 1989, P.A. 89-81, § 3; 1997, P.A. 97-55; 1998, P.A. 98-191, § 1, eff. July 1, 1998; 2002, P.A. 02-91, § 1, eff. June 3, 2002; 2004, P.A. 04-58, §§ 1, 2; 2005, P.A. 05-287, § 47, eff. July 13, 2005; 2006, P.A. 06-196, § 26, eff. June 7, 2006; 2009, P.A. 09-185, § 2; 2009, Sept.Sp.Sess., P.A. 09-5, § 16, eff. Oct. 5, 2009; 2011, P.A. 11-48, § 17; 2014, P.A. 14-217, § 17, eff. June 13, 2014; 2014, P.A. 14-227, § 1, eff. June 13, 2014; 2015, June Sp.Sess., P.A. 15-5, § 117, eff. July 1, 2015; 2017, P.A. 17-136, § 1; 2018, P.A. 18-22, § 2.)

Sec. 4-252a. Certification re whether making certain investments in Iran.

(a) For purposes of this section, "state agency" and "quasi-public agency" have the same meanings as provided in section 1-79 of the general statutes, "large state contract" has the same meaning as provided in section 4-250 of the general statutes and "entity" means any corporation, general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, joint venture, nonprofit organization or other business organization whose principal place of business is located outside of the United States, but excludes any United States subsidiary of a foreign corporation.

(b) No state agency or quasi-public agency shall enter into any large state contract, or amend or renew any such contract with any entity who (1) has failed to submit a written certification indicating whether or not such entity has made a direct investment of twenty million dollars or more in the energy sector of Iran on or after October 1, 2013, as described in Section 202 of the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability and Divestment Act of 2010, or has increased or renewed such investment on or after said date, or (2) has submitted a written certification indicating that such entity has made such an investment on or after October 1, 2013, or has increased or renewed such an investment on or after said date. Each such certification shall be sworn as true to the best knowledge and belief of the entity signing the certification, subject to the penalties of false statement.

(c) Each state agency and quasi-public agency shall include in the bid specifications or request for proposals for a large state contract a notice of the certification requirements of this section. Prior to submitting a bid or proposal for a large state contract, each bidder or proposer who is an entity shall submit a certification that such bidder or proposer has or has not made an investment as described in subsection (b) of this section.

(d) Any entity who makes a good faith effort to determine whether such entity has made an investment described in subsection (b) of this section shall not be subject to the penalties of false statement pursuant to this section. A "good faith effort" for purposes of this subsection includes a determination that such entity is not on the list of persons who engage in certain investment activities in Iran created by the Department of General Services of the state of California pursuant to Division 2, Chapter 2. 7 of the California Public Contract Code. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to impair the ability of the state agency or quasi-public agency to pursue a breach of contract action for any violation of the provisions of the contract.

(e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any contract of the Treasurer as trustee of the Connecticut retirement plans and trust funds, as defined in section 3-13c of the general statutes, provided nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the Treasurer from performing his or her fiduciary duties under section 3-13g of the general statutes.

Sec. 53a-157b. (Formerly Sec. 53a-157). False statement in the second degree: Class A misdemeanor. (a) A person is guilty of false statement when such person (1) intentionally makes a false written statement that such person does not believe to be true with the intent to mislead a public servant in the performance of such public servant's official function, and (2) makes such statement under oath or pursuant to a form bearing notice, authorized by law, to the effect that false statements made therein are punishable.

(b) False statement is a class A misdemeanor.

(1958 Rev., § 53a-157; 1969, P.A. 828, § 159, eff. Oct. 1, 1971; 1993, P.A. 93-392, § 6; 2013, P.A. 13-144, § 2.)